US ERA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT

UNITED STATES ENVIRORMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

DATE: November 3, 1977

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SUBJECT: S

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FORMATION

Substitution of Baygon for Kepone in three ant trap products of O. E. Linck to., Clifton, New Jersey, EPA Reg. No. 506-RGA, -RGT, and-RGI, Caswell #508

FROM: Toxicology Branch Registration Division

003710

ro: Product Manager No. 12 Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch

Thru: Reto Engler, Ph.D Toxicology Branch

Recommendations:

- Include statement on label regarding proper disposal of used and unused containers.
- 2. Accept substitution (as requested by above registrant) of 0.25% Baygon (Kepone in the three ant trap products. Inaccessibility of the formulate bait is considered sufficient to obviate need for acute toxicity data concerning this formulation.

Review of Toxicity Considerations:

1. Description

Product consists of a small metal can (net wt. 1/6 oz.) containing small perforations to admit ants to the bait. The test material (bait) consist

active component 0.25% Baygon, a carbamate insecticide. The child resistant container would permit vaporization (as in case of fire) and allows the spreading of bait by ants while returning to their nest areas, where the significant insecticidal effect accumulates. Intended for use in and around residential, commercial, and agricultural buildings; for homeowner use, lawn and garden use, and general use.

- Toxicity Data. Abstracted from Baygon Toxicity Review (K. L. Bailey. in progress).
 - -Oncogenic and teratogenic studies, altho of supplementary value, do ro: at this time indicate concern.
 - -Mutagenicity. Data inadequate.
 - -Neurotoxicity. Not observed in adult chickens subjected to either oral, intraperitoneal, or diet studies.
 - -Reproduction. NEL for rats = 250 ppm. (750 ppm : see doc 003704)
- 3. Acute Inhalation Toxicity (K. P. DuBois and F. K. Kinoshita; Accession 40, 093225, study no. 24684.)

EPA FORM 1320-6 (REV. 3-76)

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A 17.3% liquid Baygon formulation was investigated by exposing male mice and female rats in a dynamic-flow gassing chamber into which aerosols of the formulation were dispersed for 30 minutes.

LC₅₀ (mice) & 0.6 mg/L (analytical concentration) LC₅₀ (rats) & 0.9 mg/L (analytical concentration)

Classification:

Supplementary Data; category not assigned.

Evaporation (as in a fire) of one can of fresh, unused bait material (0.25% Baygon) into a room 3 meters on a side, would produce a maximum of \$50.005 mg/L, assuming complete evaporation and no decomposition, neither of which are valid assumptions. Altho the reported LC50 for Baygon (17.3%) would place it in Tox. Category II, the bait material as formulated (0.25%) is not intended for spraying. When used in the amounts recommended by the product label, accidental exposure to a significant quantity of Baygon is unlikely.

4. RPAR criteria are not exceeded.

DA Van Ormes

D. G. Van Ormer, Ph.D

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